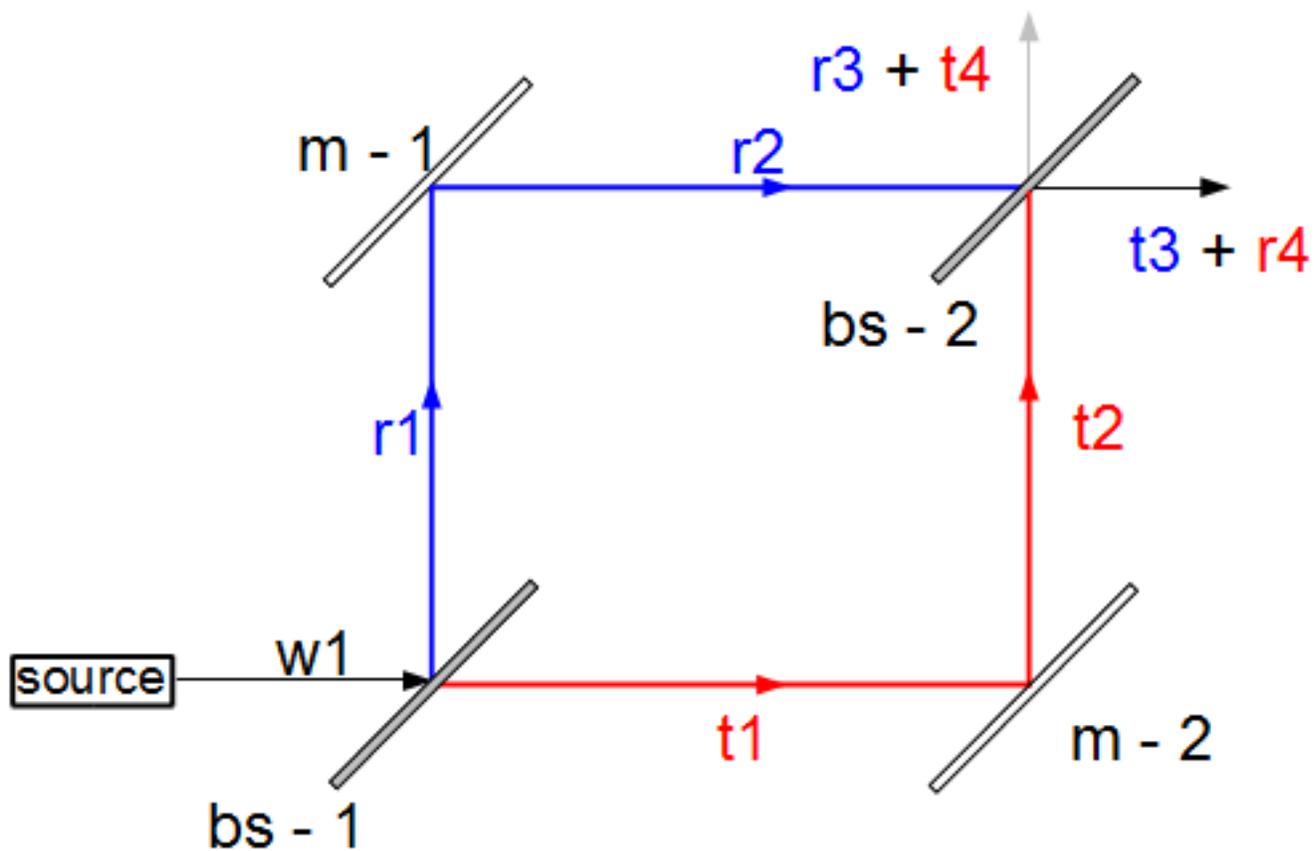


```
> restart;  
[  
> interface(warnlevel=0) :           # Maple 12  
> with(plots) :
```

Assume that we have totally reflecting mirrors and 50:50 symmetric beam splitters



Incident beam w1

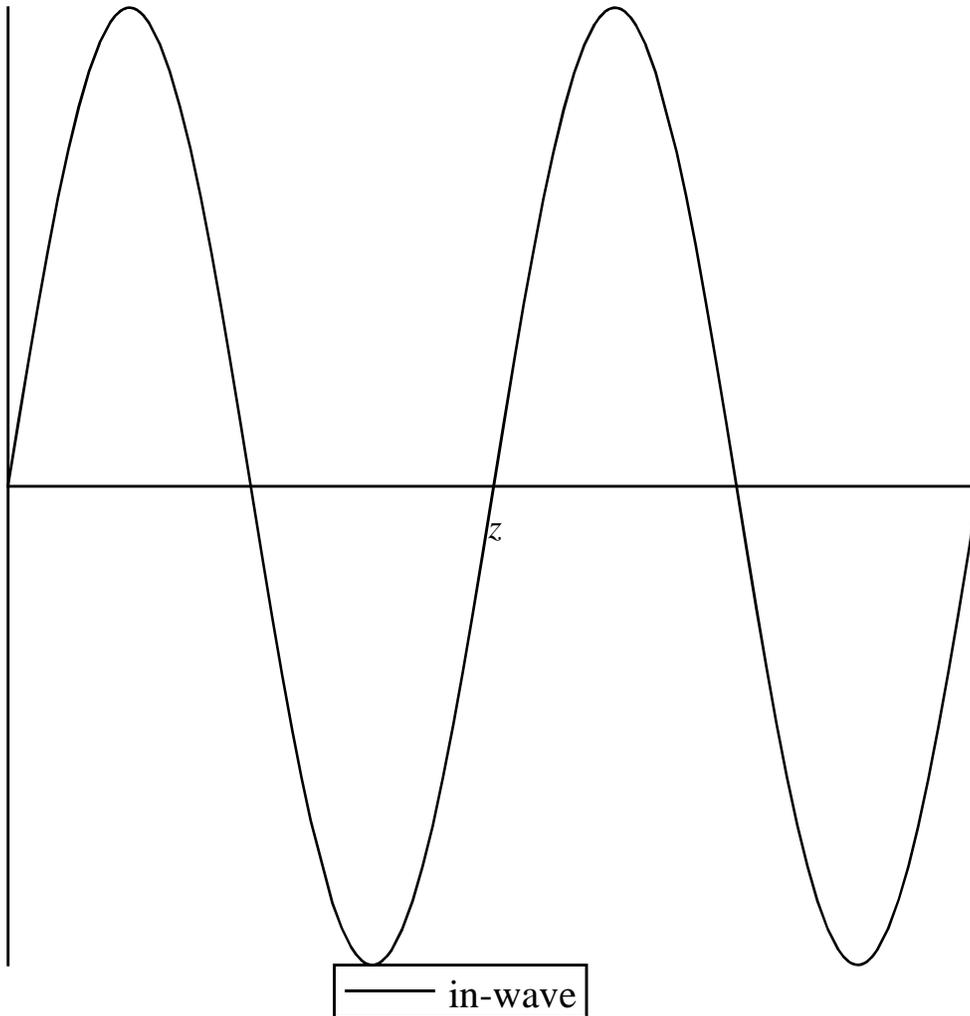
> $\varphi := -\frac{\pi}{2}$: # initial phase

$A := 1$: # initial amplitude

$w1 := A \cdot \cos(z + \varphi)$; # incoming beam

$\text{plot}(w1, z=0..4\cdot\pi, \text{color} = \text{black}, \text{tickmarks} = [0, 0], \text{legend} = [\text{"in-wave"}]);$

$w1 := \sin(z)$



**At the first beam splitter: transmitted beam t1 and reflected beam r1.
Also the amplitude of r1 and t1 satisfy the condition**

$$A_1^2 + A_1^2 = A^2$$

> $\phi_1 := \phi - \frac{\pi}{2}$: # phase of reflected r1

$\phi_2 := \phi$: # phase of transmitted t1

$A_1 := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot A$: # amplitude of r1 and t1

$p1 := \text{plot}(w1, z=0..4 \cdot \pi, \text{color} = \text{black}, \text{linestyle} = 3, \text{tickmarks} = [0, 0], \text{legend} = [\text{"in-wave"}]) :$

$r1 := A_1 \cdot \cos(z + \phi_1);$

$t1 := A_1 \cdot \cos(z + \phi_2);$

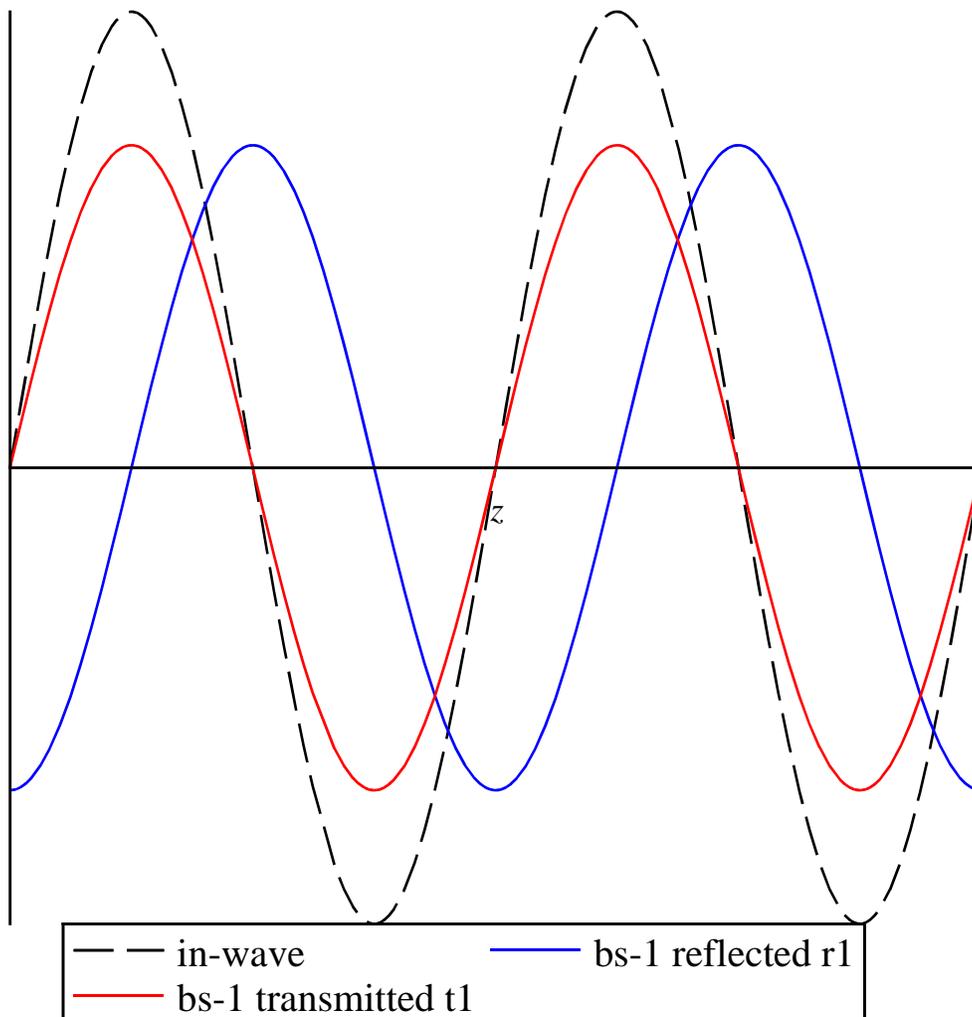
$pr1 := \text{plot}(r1, z=0..4 \cdot \pi, \text{color} = \text{blue}, \text{tickmarks} = [0, 0], \text{legend} = [\text{"bs-1 reflected r1"}]) :$

$pt1 := \text{plot}(t1, z=0..4 \cdot \pi, \text{color} = \text{red}, \text{tickmarks} = [0, 0], \text{legend} = [\text{"bs-1 transmitted t1"}]) :$

$\text{display}([p1, pr1, pt1]);$

$$r1 := -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \cos(z)$$

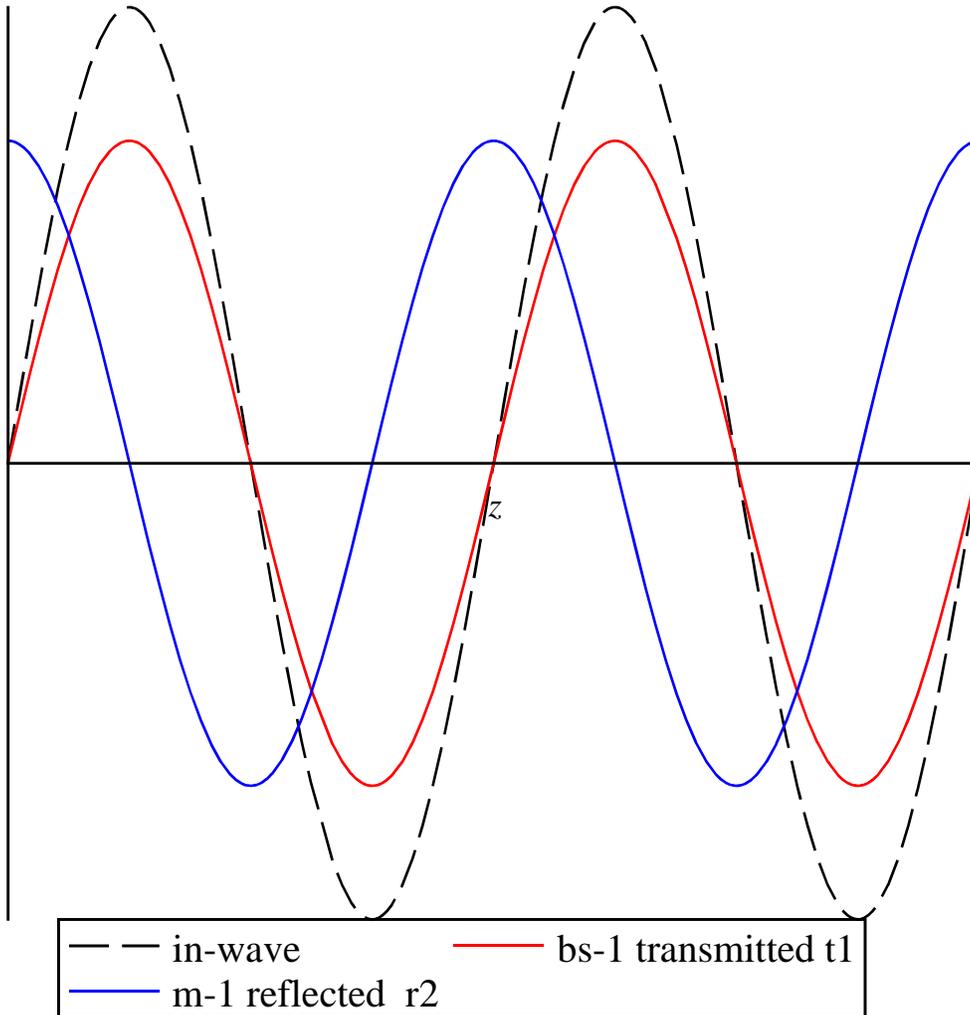
$$t1 := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sin(z)$$



At mirror 1, m-1, r1 phase shifts by 180 degrees

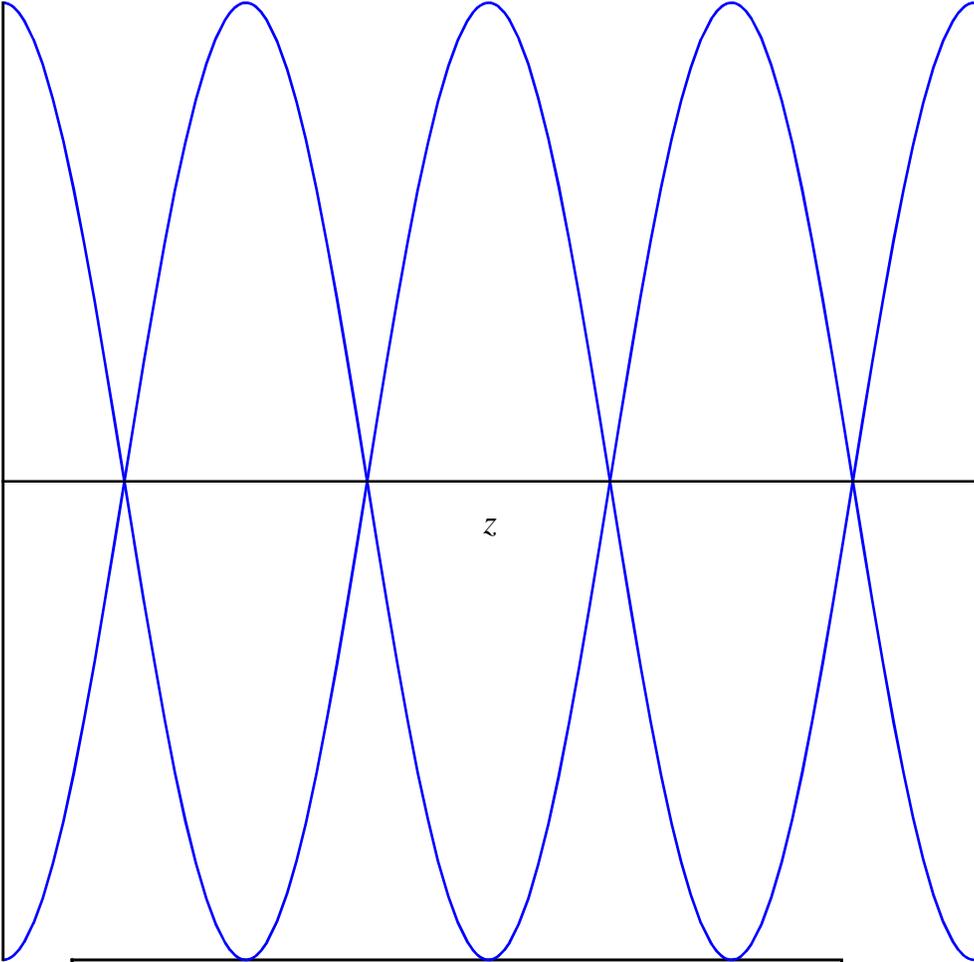
```
>  $\varphi_1 := \varphi_1 + \pi$ ; # `reflected r2  
r2 :=  $A_1 \cdot \cos(z + \varphi_1)$ ; # reflected r2  
pr2 := plot(r2, z=0..4· $\pi$ , color=blue, tickmarks=[0,0], legend=["m-1 reflected r2"]):  
display([p1, pt1, pr2]);
```

$$r_2 := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \cos(z)$$



r1 and r2 are 180 degrees out of phase as expected

```
> display([pr1, pr2]);
```



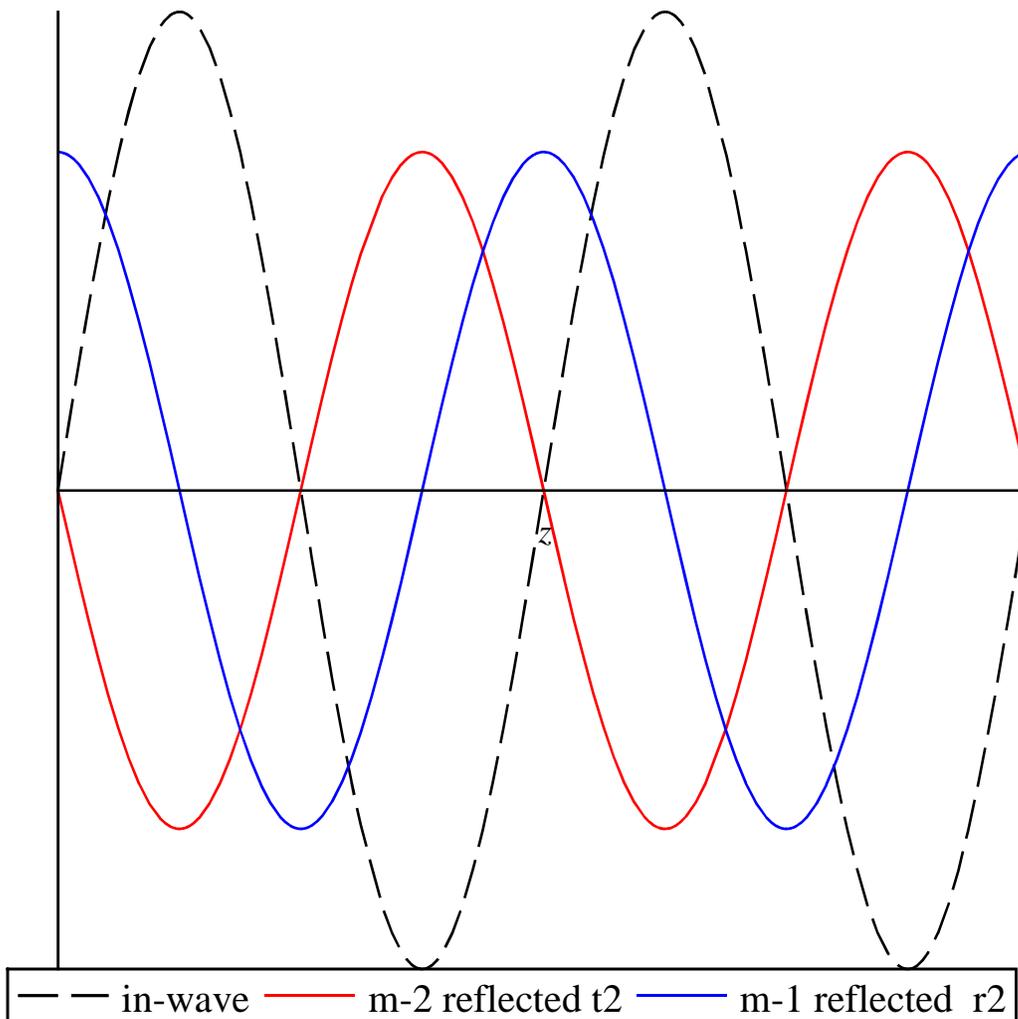
— bs-1 reflected r1 — m-1 reflected r2

At mirror 2, m-2, t2 phase shifts by 180 degrees

```
>  $\varphi_2 := \varphi_1 + \pi$  :  
t2 := A1 · cos(z +  $\varphi_2$ ); # reflected t2  
 $\Delta := \varphi_1 - \varphi_2$ ; # phase difference between r2 and t2  
pt2 := plot(t2, z=0..4 ·  $\pi$ , color = red, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["m-2 reflected t2"] ) :  
display([p1, pt2, pr2]);
```

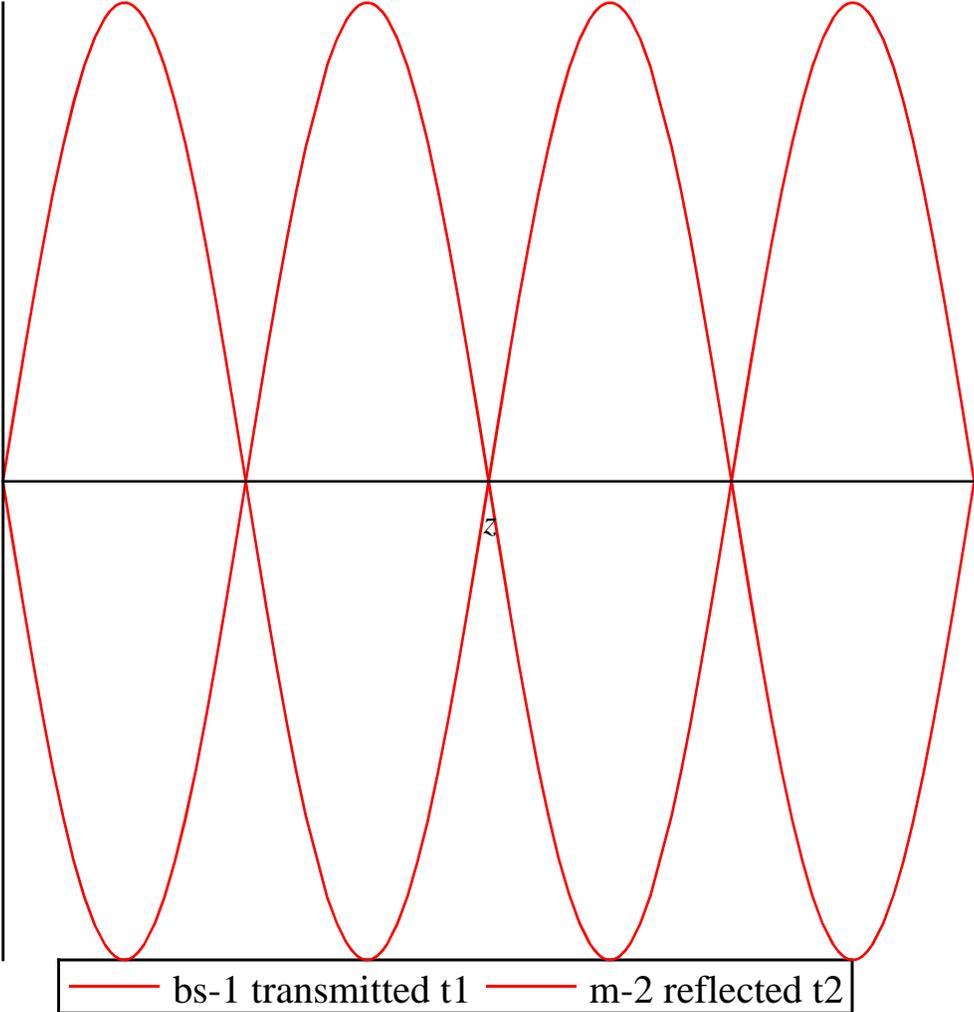
$$t2 := -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \sin(z)$$

$$\Delta := -\frac{1}{2} \pi$$



t2 and t1 are 180 degrees out of phase as expected

```
> display([pt1, pt2]); #
```



At beam splitter 2, r2 is split into transmitted t3 and reflected r3 and t2 is split into a transmitted t4 and reflected wave r4.

$$> t3 := \frac{r2}{\sqrt{2}} : t4 := \frac{t2}{\sqrt{2}} :$$

$pt4 := plot(t4, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = red, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["bs-2 transmitted t4"]) :$

$pt3 := plot(t3, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = blue, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["bs-2 transmitted t3"]) :$

$pt2 := plot(t2, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = coral, linestyle = 3, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["m-2 reflected t2"]) :$

$pr2 := plot(r2, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = cyan, linestyle = 3, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["m-1 reflected r2"]) :$

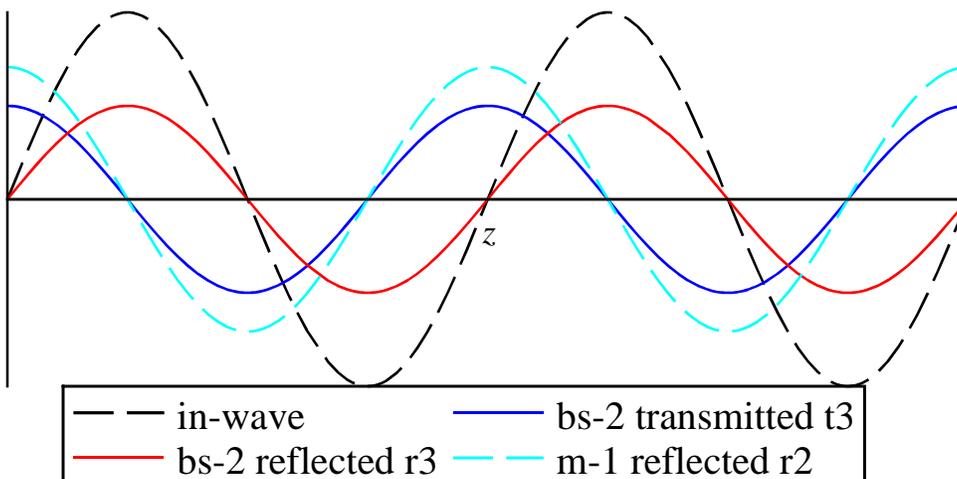
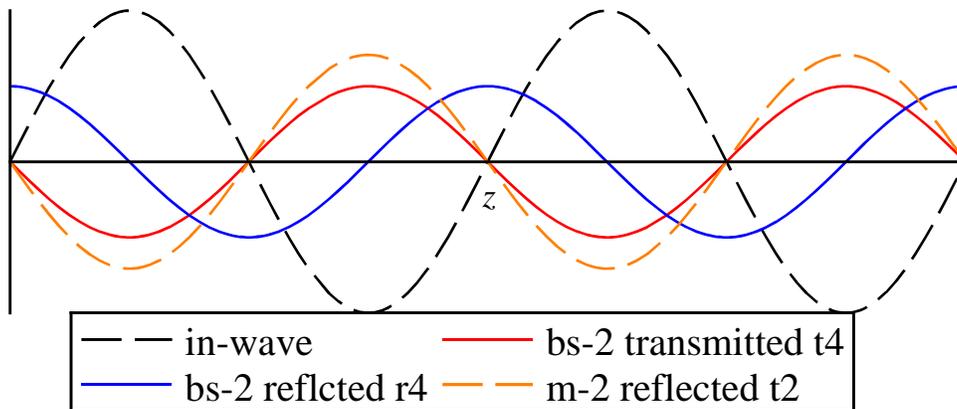
$$\varphi1 := \varphi1 - \frac{\pi}{2} : r2 := A1 \cdot \cos(z + \varphi1) : r3 := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot r2 : \varphi2 := \varphi2 - \frac{\pi}{2} : t2 := A1 \cdot \cos(z + \varphi2) :$$

$$r4 := \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot t2 :$$

$pr4 := plot(r4, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = blue, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["bs-2 reflected r4"]) :$

$pr3 := plot(r3, z = 0..4 \cdot \pi, color = red, tickmarks = [0, 0], legend = ["bs-2 reflected r3"]) :$

$display([p1, pt4, pr4, pt2]); display([p1, pt3, pr3, pr2]);$



Detectors

```
> D1 := (r4 + t3) : 'r4 + t3' = D1;  
D2 := (r3 + t4) : 'r3 + t4' = D2;  
pD1 := plot(D1, z=0..4·π, color="Purple", thickness=2, tickmarks=[0,0], legend=["r4+t3"]):  
pD2 := plot(D2, z=0..4·π, color="Salmon", thickness=4, tickmarks=[0,0], legend=["r3+t4"]):  
display([p1, pD1, pD2], title=["\n90 degrees phase shift\n"], font=[times, bold, 14]);
```

$$r4 + t3 = \cos(z)$$

$$r3 + t4 = 0$$

90 degrees phase shift

