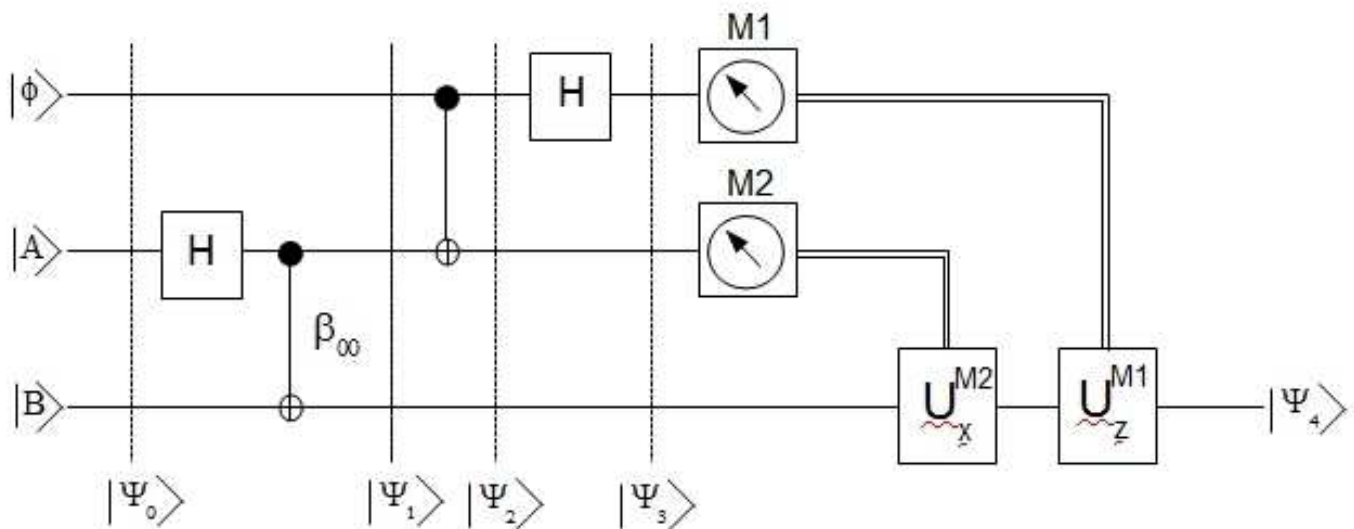


```

> restart;
> interface(warnlevel=0) :           # Maple 12
> with(LinearAlgebra) :
> with(Bits) :

```

This worksheet shows the matrices involved in the teleportation discussion of Chapter 5 - Quantum Teleportation



```

> TP := proc(M1, M2) return KroneckerProduct(M1, M2) end proc:
> T := proc(x) return Transpose(x) end proc:
> VSte := proc(n)
    # Generates a list of computational states for n qubits
    local i, L;
    # e.g. n=2 ⇒ [ |00⟩ |01⟩ |10⟩ |11⟩ ]
    L := Matrix(1, 2^n);
    Settings(defaultbits = n);
    for i from 1 to 2^n do
        L[1, i] := cat(`\`, String(i - 1, msbfirst), "⟩");
    end do;
    # print(L);
    return L;    # returns Matrix L
end proc:

```

Defining working matrices

```

> I2 := IdentityMatrix(2);

```

$$I_2 := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(1)

> $\mathbb{I}_4 := \text{IdentityMatrix}(4);$

$$\mathbb{H} := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2)

> $\text{CNOT} := \text{RowOperation}(\mathbb{I}_4, [3, 4]);$

$$\text{CNOT} := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3)

> $\mathbb{X} := \text{RowOperation}(\mathbb{I}_2, [1, 2]);$

$$\mathbb{X} := \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(4)

> $\mathbb{Z} := \text{Matrix}([[1, 0], [0, -1]]);$

$$\mathbb{Z} := \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(5)

> $\mathbb{H} := \frac{\mathbb{X} + \mathbb{Z}}{\sqrt{2}};$

$$\mathbb{H} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

(6)

> $\mathbb{GBell} := \text{Multiply}(\text{CNOT}, \text{TP}(\mathbb{H}, \mathbb{I}_2));$

$$\mathbb{GBell} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \\ \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 & -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(7)

> IBell := MatrixInverse(GBell);

$$IBell := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & -\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(8)

Defining State Vectors

Unknown state vector; that is, a_0 and a_1 are unknown. This is the quantum state to be "teleported"

$$|\phi\rangle = a_0|0\rangle + a_1|1\rangle$$

> Co := Matrix([[a[0]], [a[1]]]);

St := Transpose(VSte(1)) :

$\phi := \text{Multiply}(T(\text{Co}), \text{St})[1, 1];$

$$Co := \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\phi := a_0|0\rangle + a_1|1\rangle$$

(9)

- qubits used to generate the entangled states (correlated states, EPR pair)

$$|A\rangle = |0\rangle, \quad |B\rangle = |0\rangle \quad \text{and} \quad |A\rangle \otimes |B\rangle = |00\rangle$$

$$\mathbb{GBell}(|A\rangle \otimes |B\rangle) = \beta_{00} = \frac{|00\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

> A := Matrix([[1], [0]]):

B := Matrix([[1], [0]]):

C[0, 0] := Multiply(GBell, TP(A, B));

St := Transpose(VSte(2)) :

$\beta[0, 0] := \text{factor}(\text{Multiply}(T(C[0, 0]), \text{St})[1, 1]);$ # **Bell State** β_{00}

$$C_{0,0} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\beta_{0,0} := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (|00\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

(10)

The state vector representing the three qubit state

$$|\psi_0\rangle = |\phi\rangle \otimes |A\rangle \otimes |B\rangle = a_0|000\rangle + a_1|100\rangle$$

> $n := 3$;
 $Co0 := TP(Co, TP(A, B));$
 $St := Transpose(VSte(3))$; $|\psi0\rangle := Multiply(T(Co0), St)[1, 1];$

$$Co0 := \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ a_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\psi0\rangle := a_0|000\rangle + a_1|100\rangle$$

(11)

Applying the \mathbb{G} Bell operator to the last two qubits of $|\psi_0\rangle$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = (I2 \otimes \mathbb{G}Bell)|\psi_0\rangle = a_0|0\rangle \otimes \mathbb{G}Bell|00\rangle + a_1|1\rangle \otimes \mathbb{G}Bell|00\rangle$$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = a_0|0\rangle \otimes \beta_{00} + a_1|1\rangle \otimes \beta_{00}$$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = a_0|0\rangle \otimes \left(\frac{|00\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + a_1|1\rangle \otimes \left(\frac{|00\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$|\psi_1\rangle = a_0 \frac{|000\rangle + |011\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} + a_1 \frac{|100\rangle + |111\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

> $Co1 := Multiply(TP(I2, \mathbb{G}Bell), Co0); |\psi1\rangle := factor(Multiply(T(Co1), St)[1, 1]);$

$$Co1 := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\psi1\rangle := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (a_0|000\rangle + a_0|011\rangle + a_1|100\rangle + a_1|111\rangle)$$

(12)

Applying the CNOT operator to the first two qubits of $|\psi_1\rangle$

$$|\psi_2\rangle = (\text{CNOT} \otimes \text{I}_2)|\psi_1\rangle$$

$$|\psi_2\rangle = a_0 \frac{\text{CNOT}(|00\rangle \otimes |0\rangle + \text{CNOT}(|01\rangle \otimes |1\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}} + a_1 \frac{\text{CNOT}(|10\rangle \otimes |0\rangle + \text{CNOT}(|11\rangle \otimes |1\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$|\psi_2\rangle = a_0 \frac{|000\rangle + |011\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} + a_1 \frac{|110\rangle + |101\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

> Co2 := Multiply(TP(CNOT, I2), Co1);
 $|\psi_2\rangle := \text{factor}(\text{Multiply}(T(\text{Co2}), St)[1, 1]);$

$$\text{Co2} := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_0 \\ 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} a_1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\psi_2\rangle := \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{2} (a_0 |000\rangle + a_0 |011\rangle + a_1 |101\rangle + a_1 |110\rangle) \quad (13)$$

Applying the Hadamard operator to the first qubit of $|\psi_2\rangle$

$$|\psi_3\rangle = a_0 \frac{H|0\rangle \otimes (|00\rangle + |11\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}} + a_1 \frac{H|1\rangle \otimes (|10\rangle + |01\rangle)}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$|\psi_3\rangle = a_0 \frac{(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \otimes (|00\rangle + |11\rangle)}{2} + a_1 \frac{(|0\rangle - |1\rangle) \otimes (|10\rangle + |01\rangle)}{2}$$

$$|\psi_3\rangle = a_0 \frac{(|000\rangle + |011\rangle + |100\rangle + |111\rangle)}{2} + a_1 \frac{(|010\rangle + |001\rangle - |110\rangle - |101\rangle)}{2}$$

> Co3 := Multiply(TP(H, I4), Co2);
 /ψ3>:= Multiply(T(Co3), St)[1, 1];

$$Co3 := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_3\rangle := & \frac{1}{2} a_0 |000\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_1 |001\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_1 |010\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |011\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |100\rangle - \frac{1}{2} a_1 |101\rangle \\ & - \frac{1}{2} a_1 |110\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |111\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (14)$$

Another way of obtaining $|\psi_3\rangle$ is by applying the inverse Bell Gate operator IBell to the first two qubits of state $|\psi_1\rangle$. Thus $|\psi_1\rangle \rightarrow |\psi_3\rangle$,

$$|\psi_3\rangle = (\text{IBell} \otimes \text{I2})|\psi_1\rangle$$

$$|\psi_3\rangle = a_0 \frac{\text{IBell}(|00\rangle) \otimes |0\rangle + \text{IBell}(|01\rangle) \otimes |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} + a_1 \frac{\text{IBell}(|10\rangle) \otimes |0\rangle + \text{IBell}(|11\rangle) \otimes |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

> Co3 := Multiply(TP(IBell, I2), Co1);
 `|ψ3⟩ := Multiply(T(Co3), St) [1, 1];

$$Co3 := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ -\frac{1}{2} a_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} a_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_3\rangle := & \frac{1}{2} a_0 |000\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_1 |001\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_1 |010\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |011\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |100\rangle - \frac{1}{2} a_1 |101\rangle \\ & - \frac{1}{2} a_1 |110\rangle + \frac{1}{2} a_0 |111\rangle \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

Now we write the density matrix of $|\psi_3\rangle$.

$$\rho = |\psi_3\rangle\langle\psi_3|$$

> $\rho := TP(\text{Co3}, \text{HermitianTranspose}(\text{Co3}))$; # note $\overline{a_0}$ refers to the complex conjugate of a_0

$$\rho := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} \\ \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} \\ \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} \\ \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} \\ \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} \\ -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} \\ -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_1 \overline{a_0} \\ \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & -\frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_1} & \frac{1}{4} a_0 \overline{a_0} \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$

